Territory-wide Sharing of Digital Images in the Hong Kong Hospital Authority

Dr CP Wong

MBBS MRCP FRCP FRCPE FRCPG FHKCP FHKAM MHA
Chairman, Hong Kong Society of Medical Informatics
Chairman, Clinical Informatics Programs Steering & Executive Groups
Hong Kong Hospital Authority

Hong Kong Hospital Authority

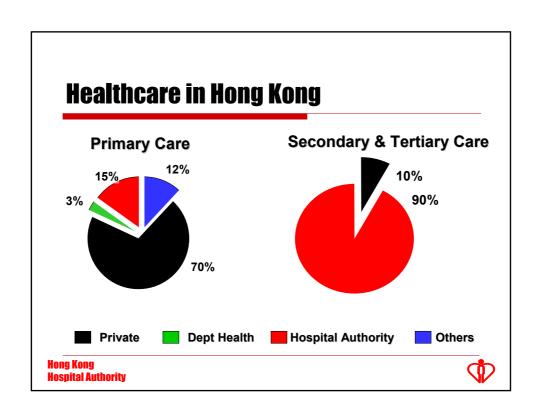


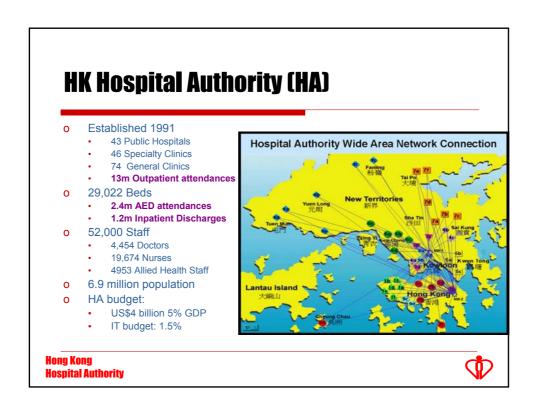
Outline

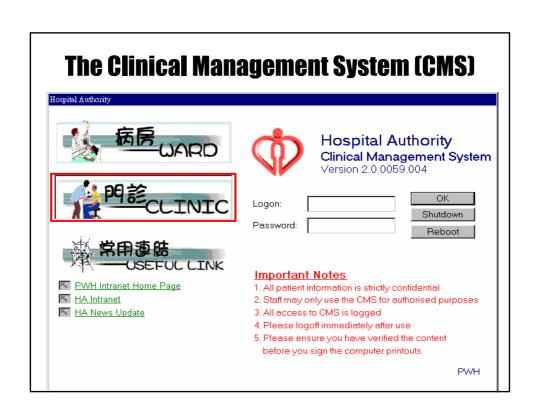
- Development of Electronic Health Records in Hong Kong
- o The Image Distribution Project 2004
- o Success Factors
- o Conclusions

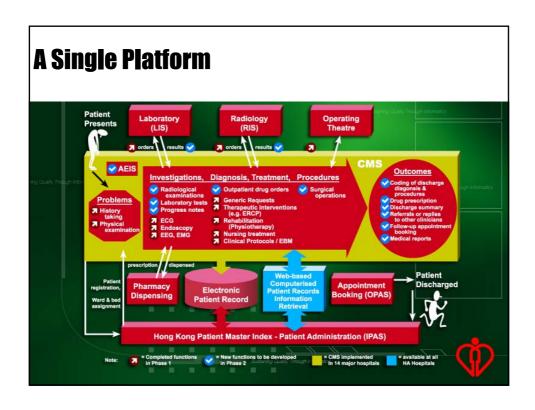












The Clinical Management System (CMS)

- o Used at all hospitals and clinics in the HA
 - 30,000 users
 - 12,000 workstations
- o Multidisciplinary
- o Information sharing
- o Built by the HA ITD since 1993



A long journey of development

- o 1990 "Green field" no legacy system
- o 1991 Patient Administration only
- o 1992 Pharmacy System added
- o 1993 Lab results online
- o 1994 Radiology Information System
- o 1995 Clinical Management System
 - Order Entry & Outpatient progress notes & Discharge summaries
- o 2000 Electronic Patient Records
- o 2004 Radiology Images online
- o 2006 ePR Sharing with Private Sector

Hong Kong Hospital Authority



Each Day

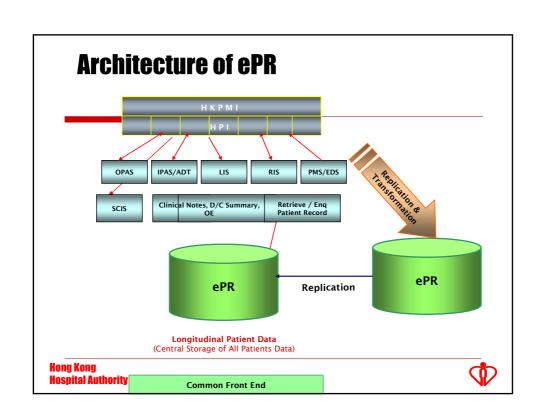
- o 12,000 users
- o 90,000 patients
- o 2,000,000 transactions with data entries
- o 300,000 data retrievals



Functionality

- Direct clinician entry
 - Orders
 - Diagnoses, procedures, discharge summaries
 - Reports and letters
 - Notes
- Departmental data
 - Laboratory data
 - Radiology records
- o Review, audit and research





The ePR (Electronic Patient Record)

- The comprehensive lifelong (womb to tomb)
 multimedia record of all relevant clinical data
- Patient centred vs function based
 - Breaking the silos
- Corporate based from hospital based
- Standardization of structure and content

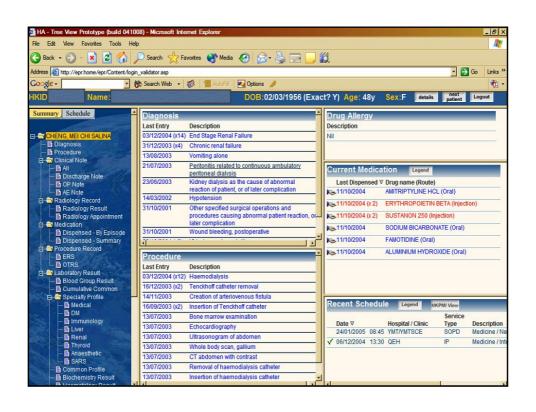
Hong Kong Hospital Authority

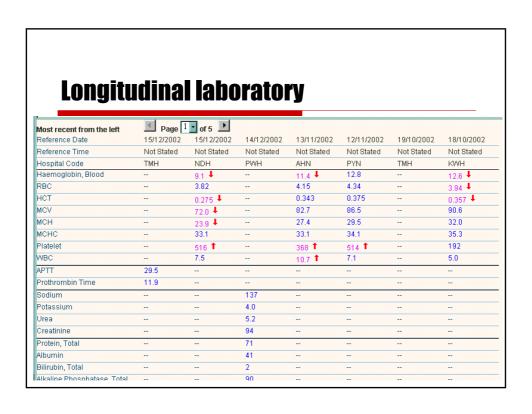


Huge Data Warehouse

- o 7.6 million patient records
- o 57 million episodes of care
- o 540 million lab results
- o 34 million radiology results
- o 400,000 image studies
- 1.5 Terabytes data volume + 3 Terabytes images data
- Sub-second response time
- Near real time update



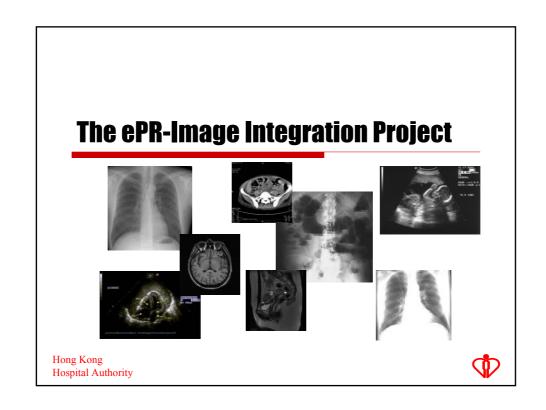




Data

- o Simple numeric/text
- o Codes
- o Structured data
- o Images/PDFs





Images in the Hospital Authority

- o Picture Archive and Communication Systems
 - Departmentally implemented and operated
- Increasing demand for image integration into CMS/ePR
- Estimated cost of comprehensive corporate PACS
 - HK\$220million
- Budget for current project
 - HK\$20million

Hong Kong Hospital Authority



Project Brief

- Distribute radiology images to clinicians via electronic Patient Record (ePR) on existing CMS workstations
 - Consolidate images from existing mini-PACS
 - · Compress to clinical reference quality
 - Integrate images into the ePR/CMS
 - Gateway to support teleradiology
 - An infrastructure for all image types



An interim step to full PACS

- o "Reference quality" images vs "full quality"
 - 10 30 x compression
- o Image selection vs store all images
 - · Massive reduction for multidetector scanners
- o Not "filmless" (maybe "less film")
 - No requirement for 99.999% availability
- o Leverage of existing infrastructure
 - · No new networks and workstations

Hong Kong Hospital Authority

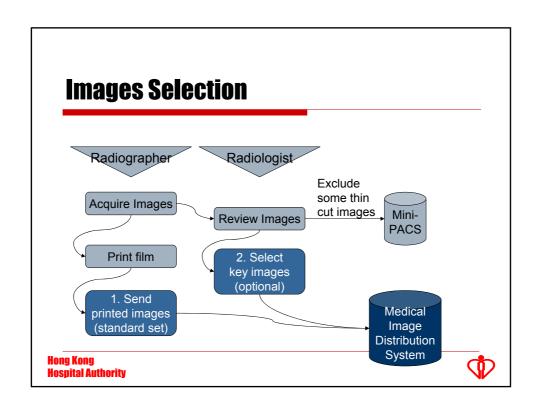


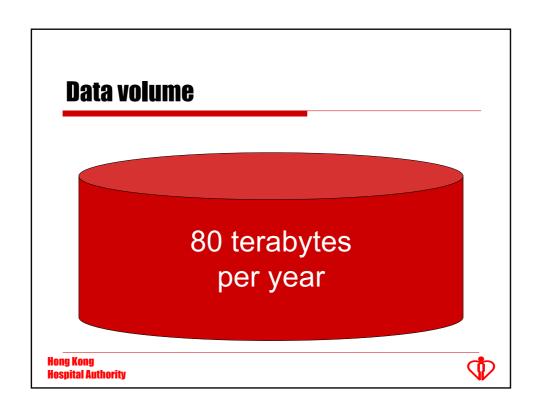
Major issues

- o Workflow
- o Image quality
 - Clinical suitability



		Do More?	Do Less?
Image selection	Radiology	Select images	-
Image Archive	Radiology	Admin/support image transfer	
Image Distribution	Radiology	Support calls Training	(Re-)print film File film & envelope Track of missing film
	Clinical		Wait for old film Loan film Re-take examination







JPEG compression 15x "visually lossless"

Kocsis O et al Comp Meth Prog Biomed. 71(2):105-15

MRI 10-20x no impact on brain lesion detection

Tera S et al, J Digit Imaging, 13(4):178-90

CT scans 8-20x acceptable



Zalis ME, et al, Radiology 220(2):387-92 Megibow AJ et al. Imaging, 15(2):84-90 Zheng LM et al, Acta Radiol;41(2):116-21



More studies

Ultrasound 9x no impact



Persons KR et al J Digit Imaging 15(1):15-21

Chest radiographs 15-40x acceptable



Slone RM et al, Radiology 215(2):543-5 Savcenko V et al, Radiology, Vol 206, 609-616 Kotter E et al, Investigative Radiology,38(5):243-9 Erickson BJ et al, J Digit Imaging, 10(3):97-102

Hong Kong Hospital Authority



Image quality

- o What compression ratio is acceptable?
- o Type of study
- o Degree of pathology
- o Context-specific
 - Initial impression
 - Definitive diagnosis
 - Review and study comparison

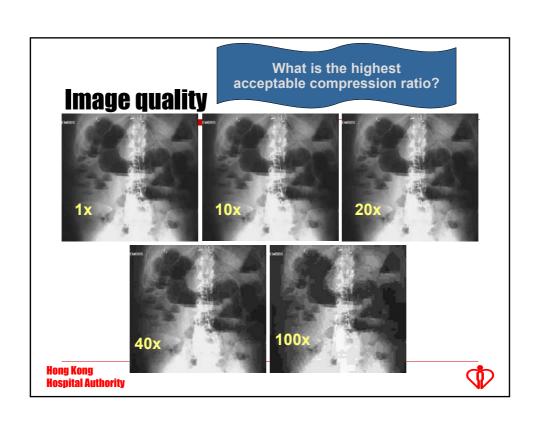


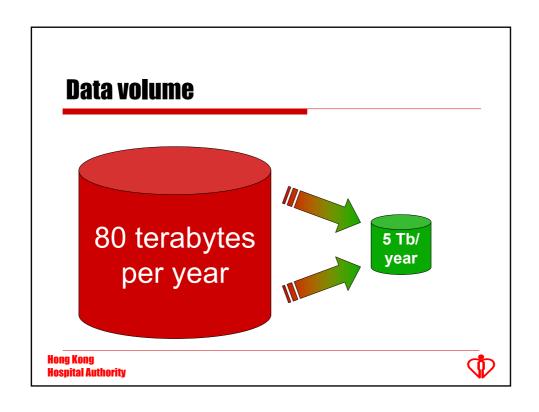


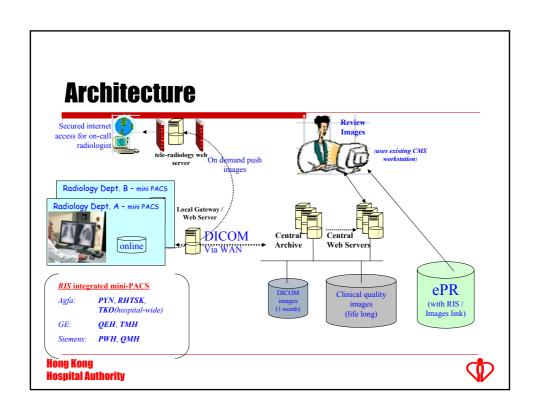
Image quality study

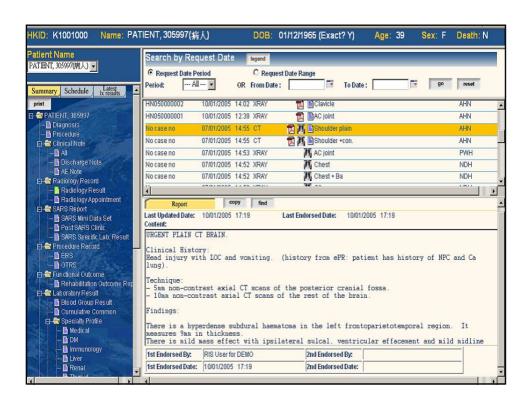
- o 160 clinicians
- o Several studies
 - Normal
 - Marginal
 - Pathological
- o Different compression ratios

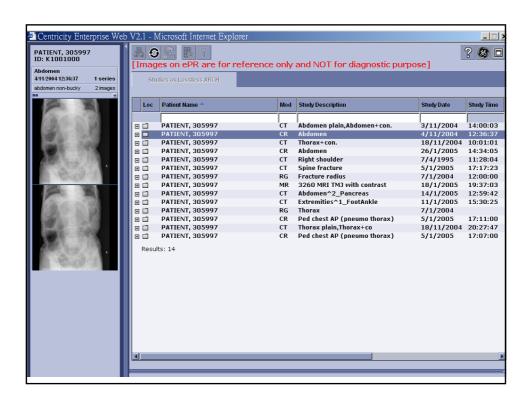


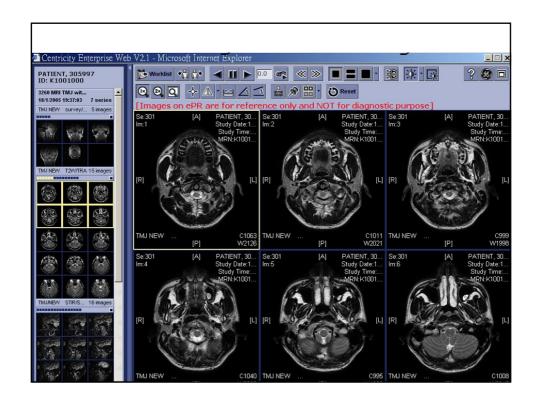












Benefits

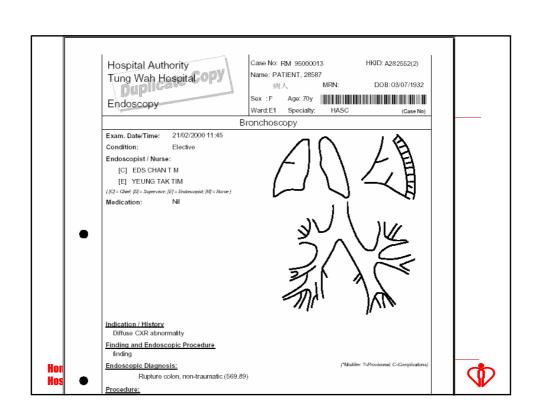
- o Clinician friendly access to images
 - From any clinical workstation
- Access to all of a patient's images
 - Lifelong
 - From all sites
- o Remote access to images
- o Possibility of reducing film printing
- o Offline image backup
- o Sharing of ePR -> sharing of images
- o Affordable



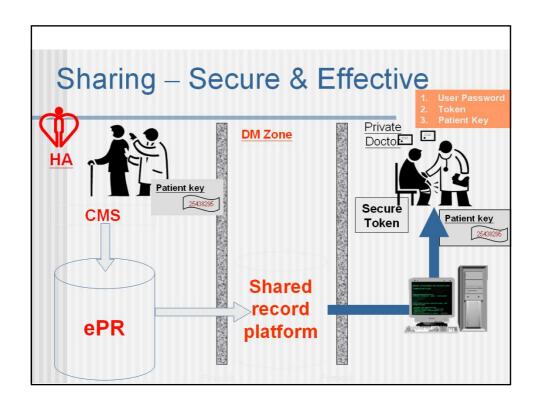
Other images

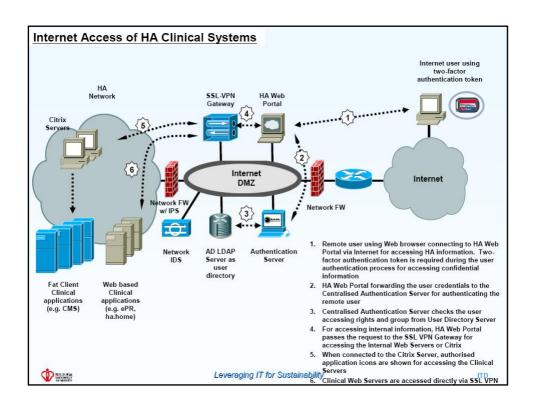
- o Computer generated images
 - Print images
- o Digital photographs
- o Scans











Privacy Measures

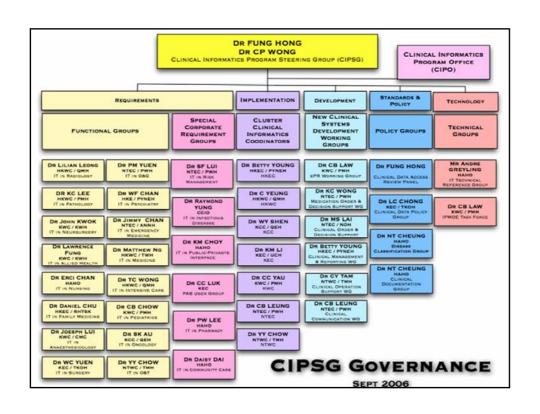
- Role-based restriction of view authority of users
- o 2-factor authentication tools
- SMS codes and notifications
- o Need to know / patient under care basis
- Detailed audit trail logging
- o Privacy ordinance

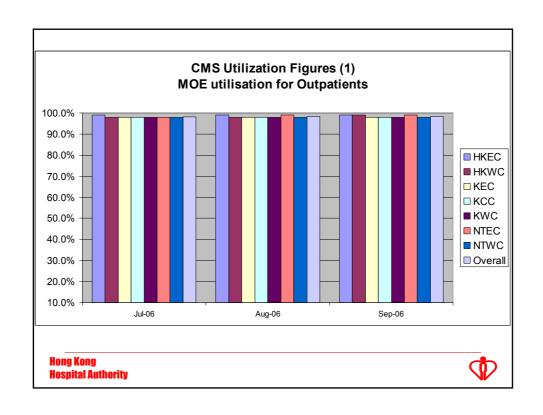


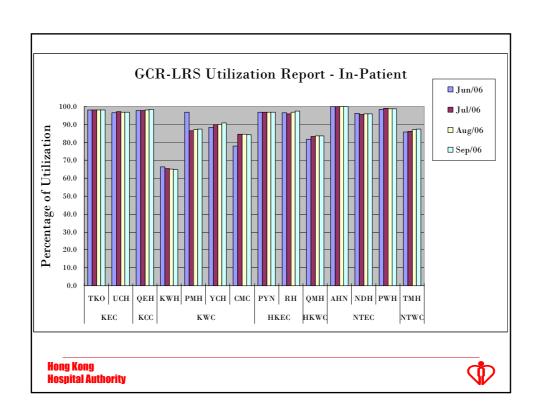
Critical Success Factors

- Clinicians engagement
- o Requested by the clinicians
- Designed by the clinicians
- Built for the clinicians
- o Used by the clinicians
- o Governed by the clinicians









Other Success Factors

- o Unique citizen identity card
- o Non-Big Bang Approach
- o Home-built system
- o Careful implementation policies
- o Pilots sites
- Dedicated User training teams





Awards won

- o 2004 Stockholm Challenge (Health)
- o IT Excellence 2005
- o APICTA 2005







Hong Kong Hospital Authority

Patient benefits

- Whole medical record available at point of care anywhere
- o Saving money for repeated tests
- Saving lives by providing real-time and accurate information for clinical decisions
- Ensuring security and confidentiality of patient data



Clinician benefits

- o More efficient clinical practice
 - · No need to search for data
- Make decisions with comprehensive clinical information
- Avoid errors associated with paper records
- Access data and images at home or remote sites for expert consultations

Hong Kong Hospital Authority



The health system benefits

- More efficient and cost effective quality health service
- A massive clinical database for planning and research



Summary

- A pragmatic approach to corporate image distribution
- Leveraging existing infrastructure and systems
- o Clinicians engagement is essential
- o Issues
 - · Clinical suitability
 - Compression ratios
 - Workflow issues (less film?)
 - Other image types

Hong Kong Hospital Authority



Acknowledgements

- o Dr Wing Nam WONG, Manager (Health Informatics), Hospital Authority
- o Mr Anthony CHEUNG, Senior Systems Manager, IT Division, Hospital Authority
- o Dr NT CHEUNG, Executive Manager (Health Informatics), Hospital Authority

